



Broomfield Parish Council

Standing Orders

Reviewed May 2026

Standing orders in bold denote legal and statutory requirements

1. Rules of debate at meetings

- a. Motions on the agenda shall be considered in the order that they appear unless the order is changed at the discretion of the chair of the meeting.
- b. A motion (including an amendment) shall not be progressed unless it has been moved and seconded.
- c. A motion on the agenda that is not moved by its proposer may be treated by the chair of the meeting as withdrawn.
- d. If a motion (including an amendment) has been seconded, it may be withdrawn by the proposer only with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- e. An amendment is a proposal to remove or add words to a motion. It shall not negate the motion.
- f. If an amendment to the original motion is carried, the original motion becomes the substantive motion upon which further amendment(s) may be moved.
- g. An amendment shall not be considered unless early verbal notice of it is given at the meeting and, if requested by the chair of the meeting, is expressed in writing to the chair.
- h. A councillor may move an amendment to their own motion if agreed by the meeting. If a motion has already been seconded, the amendment shall be with the consent of the seconder and the meeting.
- i. If there is more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion, the amendments shall be moved in the order directed by the chair.
- j. Subject to standing order 1(k), only one amendment shall be moved and debated at a time, the order of which shall be directed by the chair of the meeting.
- k. One or more amendments may be discussed together if the chair of the meeting considers this expedient, but each amendment shall be voted upon separately.
- l. A councillor may not move more than one amendment to an original or substantive motion.
- m. The mover of an amendment has no right of reply at the end of debate on it.
- n. Where a series of amendments to an original motion are carried, the mover of the original motion shall have a right of reply either at the end of debate of the first amendment or at the very end of debate on the final substantive motion immediately before it is put to the vote.
- o. Unless permitted by the chair of the meeting, a councillor may speak only once in the debate on a motion except:
 - i. to speak on an amendment moved by another councillor,
 - ii. to move or speak on another amendment if the motion has been amended since they last spoke,
 - iii. to make a point of order,
 - iv. to give a personal explanation or
 - v. in exercise of a right of reply.

- p. During the debate of a motion, a councillor may interrupt only on a point of order or a personal explanation and the councillor who was interrupted shall stop speaking. A councillor raising a point of order shall identify the standing order which they consider has been breached or specify the other irregularity in the proceedings of the meeting they are concerned by.
- q. A point of order shall be decided by the chair of the meeting and their decision shall be final.
- r. When a motion is under debate, no other motion shall be moved except:
 - i. to amend the motion.
 - ii. to proceed to the next business.
 - iii. to adjourn the debate.
 - iv. to put the motion to a vote.
 - v. to ask a person to be no longer heard or to leave the meeting.
 - vi. to refer a motion to a committee or sub-committee for consideration.
 - vii. to exclude the public and press.
 - viii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - ix. to suspend particular standing order(s) excepting those which reflect mandatory statutory requirements.
- s. Before an original or substantive motion is put to the vote, the chair of the meeting shall be satisfied that the motion has been sufficiently debated and that the mover of the motion under debate has exercised or waived their right of reply.
- t. Excluding motions moved understanding order 2(r), the contributions or speeches by a councillor shall relate only to the motion under discussion and shall not exceed five minutes without the consent of the chair of the meeting.

2. Disorderly conduct at meetings

- a. No person shall obstruct the transaction of business at a meeting or behave offensively or improperly. If this standing order is ignored, the chair of the meeting shall request such person(s) to moderate or improve their conduct.
- b. If person(s) disregard the request of the chair of the meeting to moderate or improve their conduct, any councillor or the chair of the meeting may move that the person be no longer heard or excluded from the meeting. The motion, if seconded, shall be put to the vote without discussion.
- c. If a resolution made under standing order 3(b) above is ignored, the chair of the meeting may take further reasonable steps to restore order or to progress the meeting. This may include suspending or closing the meeting.
- d. If a member of the public interrupts the proceedings of any meeting, the Chair shall warn them. If the interruption continues, the Chair shall order their removal from the meeting venue. In case of general disturbance in any part of the meeting venue open to the public, the Chair shall order that part be cleared and may adjourn the meeting of the Council for such period as is discretion shall consider expedient.

3. Meetings generally

F Full Council meetings

C Committee meetings

SC Sub-committee meetings

- a. **Meetings shall not take place in premises which at the time of the meeting are used for the supply of alcohol, unless no other premises are available free of charge or at a reasonable cost. (F/C)**

- b. **The minimum three clear days for notice of a meeting does not include the day on which notice was issued, the day of the meeting, a Sunday, a day of the Christmas break, a day of the Easter break or of a bank holiday or a day appointed for public thanksgiving or mourning. (F)**
- c. **The minimum three clear days' public notice for a meeting does not include the day on which the notice was issued or the day of the meeting (C)**
- d. **Meetings shall be open to the public unless their presence is prejudicial to the public interest by reason of the confidential nature of the business to be transacted or for other special reasons. The public's exclusion from part or all of a meeting shall be by a resolution which shall give reasons for the public's exclusion. (F/C)**
- e. Members of the public may make representations, answer questions, and give evidence at a meeting which they are entitled to attend in respect of the business on the agenda.
- f. The period designated for public participation at a meeting in accordance with standing order 3(e) above shall not exceed fifteen minutes unless directed by the chair of the meeting.
- g. Subject to standing order 3(f) above, a member of the public shall not speak for more than fifteen minutes.
- h. In accordance with standing order 3(e) above, a question shall not require a response at the meeting nor start a debate on the question. The chair of the meeting may direct that a written or oral response be given.
- i. A person shall raise their hand when requesting to speak.
- j. A person who speaks at a meeting shall direct their comments to the chair of the meeting.
- k. Only one person is permitted to speak at a time. If more than one person wants to speak, the chair of the meeting shall direct the order of speaking.
- l. **Subject to standing order 3(m), a person who attends a meeting is permitted to report on the meeting whilst the meeting is open to the public. To "report" means to film, photograph, make an audio recording of meeting proceedings, use any other means for enabling persons not present to see or hear the meeting as it takes place or later or to report or to provide oral or written commentary about the meeting so that the report or commentary is available as the meeting takes place or later to persons not present. (F/C)**
- m. **A person present at a meeting may not provide an oral report or oral commentary about the meeting as it takes place without permission. (F/C)**
- n. **The press shall be provided with reasonable facilities for the taking of their report of all or part of a meeting at which they are entitled to be present. (F/C)**
- o. **Subject to standing orders which indicate otherwise, anything authorised or required to be done by, to or before the Chair of the Council may in their absence be done by, to or before the Vice-Chair of the Council. (F)**
- p. **The Chair, if present, shall preside at a meeting. If the Chair is absent from a meeting, the Vice-Chair if present, shall preside. If both the Chair and the Vice-Chair are absent from a meeting, a councillor as chosen by the councillors present at the meeting shall preside at the meeting. (F)**
- q. **Subject to a meeting being quorate, all questions at a meeting shall be decided by a majority of the councillors or councillors with voting rights present and voting. (F/C/SC)**

- r. **The chair of a meeting may give an original vote on any matter put to the vote, and in the case of an equality of votes may exercise their casting vote whether or not they gave an original vote. (F/C/SC)**
See standing orders 5(h) and (i) for the different rules that apply in the election of the Chair of the Council at the annual meeting of the Council
- s. **Unless standing orders provide otherwise, voting on a question shall be by a show of hands or ballot if voting on appointments to Council (as stated in the Co-option Policy). At the request of a councillor, the voting on any question shall be recorded so as to show whether each councillor present and voting gave their vote for or against that question.** Such a request shall be made before moving on to the next item of business on the agenda.
- t. The minutes of a meeting shall include an accurate record of the following:
 - i. the time and place of the meeting.
 - ii. the names of councillors present and absent.
 - iii. interests that have been declared by councillors and non-councillors with voting rights.
 - iv. the grant of dispensations (if any) to councillors and non-councillors with voting rights.
 - v. whether a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights left the meeting when matters that they held interests in were being considered.
 - vi. if there was a public participation session; and
 - vii. the resolutions made.
- u. **A councillor or a non-councillor with voting rights who has a disclosable pecuniary interest or another interest as set out in the council's code of conduct in a matter being considered at a meeting is subject to statutory limitations or restrictions under the code on their right to participate and vote on that matter. (F/C/SC)**
- v. **No business may be transacted at a meeting unless at least one-third of the whole number of members of the council are present (currently five members). If, during the meeting, the Chair, after counting the number of members present declares that there is not a quorum present, the meeting shall stand adjourned (F)**
- w. **If a meeting is or becomes inquorate no business shall be transacted and the meeting shall be closed.** The business on the agenda for the meeting shall be adjourned to another meeting.
- x. A meeting shall not exceed a period of 2 hours.

4. Committees and sub-committees

- a. **Unless the council determines otherwise, a committee may appoint a sub-committee whose terms of reference and members shall be determined by the committee.**
- b. **The members of a committee may include non-councillors unless it is a committee which regulates and controls the finances of the council.**
- c. **Unless the council determines otherwise, all the members of an advisory committee and a sub-committee of the advisory committee may be non-councillors.**
- d. The council may appoint standing committees or other committees as may be necessary, and:
 - i. shall determine their terms of reference.
 - ii. shall permit a committee to determine the number and time of its meetings.

- iii. shall permit a committee to appoint its own chair and vice chair at the first meeting of the committee.
 - iv. shall determine the place, notice requirements and quorum for a meeting of a committee and a sub-committee which shall be no less than three.
 - v. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a committee.
 - vi. shall determine if the public and press are permitted to attend the meetings of a sub-committee and the advance public notice requirements, if any, required for the meetings of a sub-committee.
 - vii. shall determine if the public may participate at a meeting of a sub-committee that they are permitted to attend; and
 - viii. may dissolve a committee.
- e. Full Council may form or disband a Working Party who will carry out tasks as defined by Full Council. Specific Terms of Reference, including if necessary delegated powers, will be prepared by the Clerk for ratification at the next Full Council Meeting following the Working Party being established. The role of the Working Party and the Working Party relationship are laid out in the Working Party Terms of Reference document.
- i. A Working Party will not have a budget.
 - ii. The number of Councillors on a Working Party is to be decided at the time of the Working Party's appointment.
 - iii. The Chair and Vice-Chair of the Working Party are to be decided by Full Council at the time of the Working Party's appointment.
 - iv. A Working Party must consist of at least three Councillors.
 - v. A Working Party will require a minimum of three Councillors at each meeting to be quorate.
 - vi. Work priorities and named experts are to be approved by Full Council.
 - vii. The Working Party will prepare notes of meetings for Full Council to report on activity and progress.
 - viii. Standing Orders do not apply to a Working Party but the Code of Conduct still applies.
 - ix. A Working Party will consider options and make recommendations to Full Council including budget spend.
 - x. All members are to be informed of the meeting of a Working Party and are able to attend and ask for any Working Party documentation.
 - xi. The Council will formally review the need for the Working Party annually at the Annual Parish Council Meeting.
- f. A committee may co-opt persons other than members of the Council to any committee. Such members shall not be entitled to vote.
- g. The Chair and Vice chair of the parish council shall act as ex-officio members of all committees, with voting rights and will count towards the quoracy of the meeting. (new SO not included in earlier versions)
- h. The Terms of Reference of Standing Committees should be reviewed by Full Council annually.

5. Ordinary meetings

- a. **In an election year, the annual meeting of the council shall be held on or within 14 days following the day on which the new councillors elected take office.**
- b. **In a year which is not an election year, the annual meeting of a council shall be held on such day in May as the council may direct.**

- c. In addition to the annual meeting of the council, at least three other ordinary meetings shall be held each year on such dates and times as the Council decides.
- d. The first business conducted at the annual meeting of the council shall be the election of the Chair and Vice-Chair of the Council.
- e. The Chair of the Council, unless they have resigned or becomes disqualified, shall continue in office and preside at the annual meeting until their successor is elected at the next annual meeting of the council.
- f. The Vice-Chair of the Council, if any, unless they resign or becomes disqualified, shall hold office until immediately after the election of the Chair of the Council at the next annual meeting of the council.
- g. In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has not been re-elected as a member of the council, they shall preside at the meeting until a successor Chair of the Council has been elected. The current Chair of the Council shall not have an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council but must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- h. In an election year, if the current Chair of the Council has been re-elected as a member of the council, they shall preside at the meeting until a new Chair of the Council has been elected. They may exercise an original vote in respect of the election of the new Chair of the Council and must give a casting vote in the case of an equality of votes.
- i. Following the election of the Chair of the Council and Vice-Chair (if any) of the Council at the annual meeting of the council, the business of the annual meeting shall include, if appropriate:
 - i. **In an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council and councillors of their acceptance of office forms unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later date. In a year which is not an election year, delivery by the Chair of the Council of their acceptance of office form unless the council resolves for this to be done at a later date.**
 - ii. Confirmation of the accuracy of the minutes of the last meeting of the council.
 - iii. Receipt of the minutes of the last meeting of a committee.
 - iv. Consideration of the recommendations made by a committee.
 - v. Review of delegation arrangements to committees, sub-committees, staff and other local authorities.
 - vi. Review of the terms of reference for committees.
 - vii. Appointment of members to existing committees.
 - viii. Appointment of any new committees in accordance with standing order 4
 - ix. Review and adoption of appropriate standing orders and financial regulations.
 - x. Review of arrangements, including any charters and agency agreements, with other local authorities and review of contributions made to expenditure incurred by other local authorities.
 - xi. Review of representation on or work with external bodies and arrangements for reporting back.
 - xii. In an election year, to make arrangements with a view to the council becoming eligible to exercise the general power of competence in the future.

- xiii. Review of inventory of land and assets including buildings and office equipment.
- xiv. Confirmation of arrangements for insurance cover in respect of all insured risks.
- xv. Review of the council's and/or staff subscriptions to other bodies.
- xvi. Review of the council's complaints procedure.
- xvii. Review of the council's procedures for handling requests made under the freedom of information and data protection legislation.
- xviii. Review of the council's policy for dealing with the press/media.
- xix. Review the Council's expenditure incurred under s137 of the Local Government Act 1972 or the general power of competence.
- xx. Determining the time and place of ordinary meetings of the Council up to and including the next annual meeting of the Council.

6. Extraordinary meetings of the council and committees and sub-committees

- a. **The Chair of the Council may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council at any time.**
- b. **If the Chair of the Council does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting of the council within seven days of having been requested in writing to do so by two councillors, any two councillors may convene an extraordinary meeting of the council. The public notice giving the time, place and agenda for such a meeting must be signed by the two councillors.**
- c. The chair of a committee or a sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of the committee or the sub-committee at any time.
- d. If the chair of a committee or a sub-committee does not or refuses to call an extraordinary meeting within seven days of having been requested by to do so by two members of the committee or the sub-committee, any two members of the committee and the sub-committee may convene an extraordinary meeting of a committee and a sub-committee.

7. Previous resolutions

- a. A resolution shall not be reversed within six months except either by a special motion, which requires written notice by at least three councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10, or by a motion moved in pursuance of the recommendation of a committee or a sub-committee.
- b. When a motion moved pursuant to standing order 8(a) above has been disposed of, no similar motion may be moved within a further six months.

8. Voting on appointments

- a. The Parish Council's Co-option Policy will be followed.

9. Motions for a meeting that require written notice to be given to the Proper Officer

- a. A motion shall relate to the responsibilities of the meeting which it is tabled for and in any event shall relate to the performance of the council's statutory functions, powers and obligations or an issue which specifically affects the council's area or its residents.
- b. No motion may be moved at a meeting unless it is on the agenda and the mover has given written notice of its wording to the Proper Officer at least seven working days before the meeting. Clear days do not include the day of the notice or the day of the meeting

- c. A motion can be withdrawn by the initiator.
- d. The Proper Officer may, before including a motion on the agenda received in accordance with standing order 10(b), correct obvious grammatical or typographical errors in the wording of the motion.
- e. If the Proper Officer considers the wording of a motion received in accordance with standing order 10(b) is not clear in meaning, the motion shall be rejected until the mover of the motion resubmits it in writing to the Proper Officer so that it can be understood at least seven clear days before the meeting.
- f. If the wording or subject of a proposed motion is considered improper, the Proper Officer shall consult with the chair of the forthcoming meeting or, as the case may be, the councillors who have convened the meeting, to consider whether the motion shall be included in the agenda or rejected.
- g. Subject to standing order 9(e) above, the decision of the Proper Officer as to whether or not to include the motion on the agenda shall be final.
- h. Motions received shall be recorded in the minutes of the relevant meeting.
- i. Motions rejected shall be recorded in the minutes of the relevant meeting with an explanation by the Proper Officer for their rejection.

10. Motions at a meeting that do not require written notice

- a. The following motions may be moved at a meeting without written notice to the Proper Officer.
 - viii. to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes of a meeting.
 - ix. to move to a vote.
 - x. to defer consideration of a motion.
 - xi. to refer a motion to a particular committee or sub-committee.
 - xii. to appoint a person to preside at a meeting.
 - xiii. to change the order of business on the agenda.
 - xiv. to proceed to the next business on the agenda.
 - xv. to require a written report.
 - xvi. to appoint a committee or sub-committee and their members.
 - xvii. to extend the time limits for speaking.
 - xviii. to exclude the press and public from a meeting in respect of confidential or sensitive information which is prejudicial to the public interest.
 - xix. to not hear further from a councillor or a member of the public.
 - xx. to exclude a councillor or member of the public for disorderly conduct.
 - xxi. at the direction of the Chair, inviting a non-member of the public to address the meeting.to temporarily suspend the meeting.
 - xxii. to suspend a particular standing order (unless it reflects mandatory statutory requirements).
 - xxiii. to adjourn the meeting; or
 - xxiv. to close a meeting.

11. Management of information

- a. **The Council shall have in place and keep under review, technical and organisational measures to keep secure information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. Such arrangements shall include deciding who has access to personal data and encryption of personal data.**
- b. **The Council shall have in place, and keep under review, policies for the retention and safe destruction of all information (including personal data) which it holds in paper and electronic form. The Council's retention policy**

shall confirm the period for which information (including personal data) shall be retrained or if this is not possible the criteria used to determine that period (e.g., the Limitation act 1980)

- c. **The agenda, papers that support the agenda and the minutes of a meeting shall not disclose or otherwise undermine confidential information or personal data without legal justification**
- d. **Councillors, staff, the Council's contractors and agents shall not disclose confidential information or personal data without legal justification.**

12. Draft minutes

- a. If the draft minutes of a preceding meeting have been served on councillors with the agenda to attend the meeting at which they are due to be approved for accuracy, they shall be taken as read.
- b. There shall be no discussion about the draft minutes of a preceding meeting except in relation to their accuracy. A motion to correct an inaccuracy in the draft minutes shall be moved in accordance with standing order 10(a)(i).
- c. The accuracy of draft minutes, including any amendment(s) made to them, shall be confirmed by resolution and shall be signed by the chair of the meeting and stand as an accurate record of the meeting to which the minutes relate.
- d. If the chair of the meeting does not consider the minutes to be an accurate record of the meeting to which they relate, he shall sign the minutes and include a paragraph in the following terms or to the same effect: "The chair of this meeting does not believe that the minutes of the meeting of the () held on [date] in respect of () were a correct record but their view was not upheld by the meeting and the minutes are confirmed as an accurate record of the proceedings."
- e. Upon a resolution which confirms the accuracy of the minutes of a meeting, the draft minutes or recordings of the meeting for which approved minutes exist shall be destroyed.
- f. **The draft minutes will be published on the council's website within 4 weeks of the meeting taking place.**

13. Code of conduct and dispensations

See also standing order 3(u) above.

- a. All councillors and non-councillors with voting rights shall observe the code of conduct adopted by the council.
- b. Unless they have been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which he has a disclosable pecuniary interest. They may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which they had the interest.
- c. Unless he has been granted a dispensation, a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights shall withdraw from a meeting when it is considering a matter in which they have another interest if so required by the Council's code of conduct. They may return to the meeting after it has considered the matter in which they had the interest.
- d. **Dispensation requests shall be in writing and submitted to the Proper Officer** as soon as possible before the meeting, or failing that, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required.
- e. A decision as to whether to grant a dispensation shall be made by the Proper Officer and that decision is final.
- f. A dispensation request shall confirm:

- i. the description and the nature of the disclosable pecuniary interest or other interest to which the request for the dispensation relates.
 - ii. whether the dispensation is required to participate at a meeting in a discussion only or a discussion and a vote.
 - iii. the date of the meeting or the period (not exceeding four years) for which the dispensation is sought; and
 - iv. an explanation as to why the dispensation is sought.
- g. Subject to standing orders 13(d) and (f), dispensations requests shall be considered by the Proper Officer before the meeting or, if this is not possible, at the start of the meeting for which the dispensation is required
- h. **A dispensation may be granted in accordance with standing order 13(d) above if having regard to all relevant circumstances the following applies:**
 - i. **without the dispensation the number of persons prohibited from participating in the particular business would be so great a proportion of the meeting transacting the business as to impede the transaction of the business or**
 - ii. **granting the dispensation is in the interests of persons living in the council's area or**
 - iii. **it is otherwise appropriate to grant a dispensation**

14. Code of conduct complaints

- a. **Upon notification by Chelmsford City Council that it is dealing with a complaint that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the Proper Officer shall, subject to standing order 12, report this to the council.**
- b. Where the notification in standing order 15(a) relates to a complaint made by the Proper Officer, the Proper Officer shall notify the Chair of Council of this fact, and the Chair shall nominate another staff member to assume the duties of the Proper Officer in relation to the complaint until it has been determined and the council has agreed what action, if any, to take in accordance with standing order 15(d) below.
- c. The council may:
 - i. provide information or evidence where such disclosure is necessary to progress an investigation of the complaint or is required by law.
 - ii. seek information relevant to the complaint from the person or body with statutory responsibility for investigation of the matter.
- d. **Upon notification by the City Council that a councillor or non-councillor with voting rights has breached the council's code of conduct, the council shall consider what, if any, action to take against them. Such action excludes disqualification or suspension from office.**

15. Proper Officer

- a. The Proper Officer shall be either (i) the clerk or (ii) other staff member(s) nominated by the council to undertake the work of the Proper Officer when the Proper Officer is absent.
- b. The Proper Officer shall:
 - i. **at least three clear days before a meeting of the council, a committee or sub-committee**
 - a. **serve on councillors, by delivery, post at their residences or email a signed summons confirming the time, place and the agenda provided any such letter or email contains the actual or electronic signature and title of the Proper**

Officer (provided the councillor has consented to service by email) and

- b. Provide, in a conspicuous place, public notice of the time, place and agenda (provided that the public notice with agenda of an extraordinary meeting of the council convened by councillors is signed by them).**
- ii. subject to standing order 9 above, include on the agenda all motions in the order received unless a councillor has given written notice at least seven days before the meeting confirming their withdrawal of it.
- iii. **convene a meeting of full council for the election of a new Chair of the Council, occasioned by a casual vacancy in their office.**
- iv. **facilitate inspection of the minute book by local government electors.**
- v. **receive and retain copies of byelaws made by other local authorities.**
- vi. retain acceptance of office forms from councillors.
- vii. hold a copy of every councillor's register of interests;
- viii. assist with responding to requests made under data protection legislation in accordance with and subject to the council's policies and procedures relating to the same.
- ix. liaise, as appropriate, with the Council's Data Protection Officer (if there is one);
- x. receive and send general correspondence and notices on behalf of the council except where there is a resolution to the contrary.
- xi. manage the organisation, storage of, access to and destruction of information held by the council in paper and electronic form subject to the requirements of data protection and freedom of information legislation and other legitimate requirements (e.g., the Limitation Act 1980).
- xii. arrange for legal deeds to be executed.
- xiii. arrange or manage the prompt authorisation, approval and instruction regarding any payments to be made by the council in accordance with the council's financial regulations.
- xiv. Refer all planning applications to the Chair of the Planning Committee or in their absence the Vice-Chair of the Planning and ensure that any extension to the deadline date for a response is requested and obtained.
- xv. Manage access to information about the council via the publication scheme.

16. Responsible Financial Officer

- a. The council shall appoint appropriate staff member(s) to undertake the work of the Responsible Financial Officer when the Responsible Financial Officer is absent

17. Accounts and accounting statements

- b. "Proper practices" in standing orders refer to the most recent version of Governance and Accountability for Local Councils – a Practitioners' Guide

- c. All payments by the council shall be authorised, approved and paid in accordance with the law, proper practices and the council's financial regulations.
- d. The Responsible Financial Officer shall supply to each councillor at each Full Council meeting, a statement to summarise:
 - i. the council's receipts and payments for the month.
 - ii. the council's aggregate receipts and payments for the year to date.
 - iii. the balances held at the end of each month being reported and which includes a comparison with the budget for the financial year and highlights any actual or potential overspends.
- e. As soon as possible after the financial year end on 31 March, the Responsible Financial Officer shall provide:
 - i. each councillor with a statement summarising the council's receipts and payments for the year to date for information; and
 - ii. to the full council the accounting statements for the year in the form of Section 2 of the annual return, as required by proper practices, for consideration and approval
- f. The year-end accounting statements shall be prepared in accordance with proper practices and applying the form of accounts determined by the council (receipts and payments, or income and expenditure) for a year to 31 March. A completed draft annual return shall be presented to each councillor before in advance of the June Full Council meeting. The annual return of the council, which is subject to external audit, including the annual governance statement, shall be presented to council for consideration and formal approval before 30 June.

18. Financial controls and procurement

- a. The council shall consider and approve financial regulations drawn up by the Responsible Financial Officer, which shall include detailed arrangements in respect of the following:
 - i. the keeping of accounting records and systems of internal controls.
 - ii. the assessment and management of financial risks faced by the council.
 - iii. the work of the independent internal auditor in accordance with proper practices and the receipt of regular reports from the internal auditor, which shall be required at least annually.
 - iv. the inspection and copying by councillors and local electors of the council's accounts and/or orders of payments; and
 - v. whether contracts with an estimated value below £60000, due to special circumstances are exempt from a tendering process or procurement exercise
- b. Financial regulations shall be reviewed regularly and at least annually for fitness of purpose.
- c. Subject to additional requirements in the financial regulations of the council, the tender process for contracts for the supply of goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall include, as a minimum, the following steps:
 - i. a specification for the goods, materials, services or the execution of works shall be drawn up.
 - ii. an invitation to tender shall be drawn up to confirm (i) the council's specification (ii) the time, date and address for the submission of tenders (iii) the date of the council's written response to the tender and (iv) the prohibition on prospective contractors contacting councillors or

- staff to encourage or support their tender outside the prescribed process.
- iii. tenders are to be submitted in writing in a sealed marked envelope addressed to the Proper Officer.
- iv. tenders shall be opened by the Proper Officer in the presence of at least one councillor after the deadline for submission of tenders has passed.
- v. tenders are to be reported to and considered by the appropriate meeting of the council or a committee or sub-committee with delegated responsibility.
- d. Neither the council, nor a committee or a sub-committee with delegated responsibility for considering tenders, is bound to accept the lowest value tender.
- e. **Where the value of a contract is likely to exceed the threshold specified by the Office of Government Commerce from time to time, the Council must consider whether the Public Contracts Regulations 2015 or the Utilities Contracts Regulations 2016 apply to the contract and, if either of those Regulations apply, the Council must comply with procurement rules. NALC's procurement guidance contains further details.**

19. Handling staff matters

- a. A matter personal to a member of staff that is being considered the Finance and Personnel committee is subject to standing order 11 above.
- b. Subject to the council's policy regarding absences from work, the council's most senior member of staff shall notify the chair of the Finance and Personnel committee or, if he is not available, the Chair of the Parish Council of absence occasioned by illness or other reason and that person shall report such absence to the Personnel committee at its next meeting.
- c. The chair of the Finance and Personnel committee or in their absence, the Chair of the Parish Council shall upon a resolution conduct a review of the performance and annual appraisal of the work of the employee. The reviews and appraisal shall be reported in writing and is subject to approval by resolution by the Personnel committee.
- d. Subject to the council's policy regarding the handling of grievance matters, the council's most senior employee (or other employees) shall contact the chair of the Finance and Personnel committee or in their absence, Chair of the Parish Council in respect of an informal or formal grievance matter, and this matter shall be reported back and progressed by resolution of the Finance and Personnel committee.
- e. Any persons responsible for all or part of the management of staff shall treat the written records of all meetings relating to their performance, capabilities, grievance or disciplinary matters as confidential and secure.
- f. The council shall keep all written records relating to employees secure. All paper records shall be secured, and locked and electronic records shall be password protected and encrypted.
- g. Only persons with line management responsibilities shall have access to staff records referred to in standing orders 19(e) above if so justified.
- h. Access and means of access by keys and/or computer passwords to records of employment referred to in standing orders 19 (e) above shall be provided only to the Clerk and/or the Chair of the Council.

20. Responsibilities to provide information

- a. In accordance with freedom of information legislation, the Council shall publish information in accordance with its publication scheme and respond to requests for information held by the Council.
- b. The Council shall publish information in accordance with the requirements of the Local Government (Transparency Requirements) (England) Regulations 2015.

21. Responsibilities under data protection legislation

- a. The Council may appoint a Data Protection Officer.
- b. The Council shall have policies and procedures in place to respond to an individual exercising statutory rights concerning their personal data.
- c. The Council shall have a written policy in place for responding to and managing a personal data breach.
- d. The Council shall keep a record of all personal data breaches comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken.
- e. The Council shall ensure that information communicated in its privacy notice(s) is in an easily accessible and available form and kept up to date.
- f. The Council shall maintain a written record of its processing activities.

22. Relations with the press/media

- a. Requests from the press or other media for an oral or written comment or statement from the Council, its councillors or staff shall be handled in accordance with the Council's policy in respect of dealing with the press and/or other media.

23. Execution and sealing of legal deeds

See also standing orders 17(b)(xii) and above.

- a. A legal deed shall not be executed on behalf of the council unless authorised by a resolution.
- b. **Subject to standing order 24(a) above, any two councillors may sign on behalf of the council, any deed required by law and the Proper Officer shall witness their signatures.**

24. Communicating with District and County or Unitary councillors

- a. An invitation to attend a meeting of the council shall be sent, together with the agenda, to the ward councillor(s) of the Borough Council] representing the area of the council.

25. Restrictions on councillor activities

- a. Unless authorised by a resolution, no councillor shall:
 - i. inspect any land and/or premises which the council has a right or duty to inspect; or
 - ii. issue orders, instructions or directions.

26. Standing orders generally

- a. All or part of a standing order, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, may be suspended by resolution in relation to the consideration of an item on the agenda for a meeting.

- b. A motion to add to or vary or revoke one or more of the council's standing orders, except one that incorporates mandatory statutory requirements, shall be proposed by a special motion, the written notice by at least two councillors to be given to the Proper Officer in accordance with standing order 10 above.
- c. The Proper Officer shall provide a copy of the council's standing orders to a councillor as soon as possible after they have delivered their acceptance of office form.
- d. The ruling of the Chair whilst in the chair at any meeting of the Council, as to the construction or application of any of these Standing Orders or as to any proceedings of the Council, shall not be challenged.

Amendments 13/5/26

- 4d iii added "and vice chair"
- 4g added "The Chair and Vice chair of the parish council shall act as ex-officio members of all committees, with voting rights and will count towards the quoracy of the meeting. (new SO not included in earlier versions)"
- 5c removed "All meetings will be held at 7.30pm except for the Environment Committee which meets at 8pm."